Roll No. $\qquad$

## F-1903

## Bachelor of Business Administration

 (First Semester)EXAMINATION, Dec. - Jan., 2021-22 business mathematics
(103)

Time : Three Hours]
[Maximum Marks:90
[Minimum Pass marks :32

Note : Each unit comprises of three questions. Select any two from each unit. Each question carries Nine marks.

## Unit - I

1. (A) Find the value of the following determinant by expanding with column.
$\left|\begin{array}{lll}1 & 3 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 4 \\ 6 & 1 & 5\end{array}\right|$
(B) A manufacturing unit A makes 15 colour television sets and 80 black and white television sets in a month another unit B makes 40 colour T.V. sets and 100 black and white sets in a month. Represent this information into matrix form and find the production of each unit in 7 months.
(C) What is matrix? What are diffrent type of matrices?

## Unit - II

2. (A) Solve the following linear programming problem graphically: maximize $Z=3 x+5 y$
such that

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+2 y \leq 20 \\
& x+y \leq 15 \\
& y \leq 6 \\
& x \geq 0 y \geq 0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) Solve the following linear programming problem graphically maximize: $Z=10 x+30 y$
such that

$$
\begin{aligned}
& x+2 y \leq 20 \\
& x+5 y \leq 35 \\
& x+4 y \leq 48
\end{aligned}
$$

and

$$
x, y \leq 0
$$

(C) What is linear programming? Discuss the importance and limitation of linear programming.

## Unit - III

3. (A) Find the logarithm of 128.88
(B) If $\log 5=0.6990$, then find $\log 125$ and $\log 500$.
(C) What do you mean by simultaneous equation?

Explain the method of solving simultaneous equation.

## Unit - IV

4. (A) Determine the frequency of the class interval 15-20, the average being 19 units:

Class: | $5-10$ | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 2 | $?$ | 4 | 4 |

(B) What do you understand by percent? Give some examples of percent. Explain the qualities of percentage.
(C) Write short notes on -
(1) Trade discount and cash discount
(2) Equal rate of discount
(3) Commission

## Unit - V

5. (A) Three equal principals amount to Rs. 3,720 after 3,4 and 5 years at simple interest $6 \%$ p.a. find the principal.
(B) A sum of Rs. 2000 becomes Rs. 2205 at rate of 5\% per annum compound interest, find the time.
(C) Explain the difference between simple interest and compound interest.
