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## F-1905

## BACHELOR OF BUSINESS

 ADMINISTRATON (FIRST SEMESTER)EXAMINATION, Dec. - Jan., 2021-22

## FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING

(105)

Time : Three Hours]
[Maximum Marks:90
[Minimum Pass marks: 32
Note- Attempt all questions. Each question carry equal marks

## Unit -

1. Define accounting. Explain the advantages and limitations of accounting with other functional areas

OR
Through defining accounting, explain relationship of accounting with other functional areas.

## Unit - II

2. Form the following incorrect Trial balance of Suman Sharma prepare the correct Trial Balance:

| Particulars | Amount | upees (₹) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dr. | Cr . |
| Opening Stock | 2,000 |  |
| Closing Stock | 7,400 |  |
| Sales | - | 38,000 |
| Capital | 30,000 |  |
| Building | - | 25,000 |
| Purchases | 20,000 |  |
| Insurance | 800 |  |
| Salaries | 3,500 |  |
| Drawings | - | 3500 |
| Purchase | 1500 |  |
| Sales Return | - | 2,900 |
| Outstanding Salaries | 500 |  |
| Wages |  | 4,300 |
| Furniture | 8,000 |  |
|  | 73,700 | 73,700 |
| OR |  |  |

Distinguish between-
(i) Capital Expenditure and Revenue Expenditure
(ii) Capital Receipts and Revenue Receipts
(iii) Journal and ledger.

## Unit - III

3. Prepare Bank Reconciliation statement on 31st March 2022 from the following details:
(i) Debit balance as per cash book ₹ 50,000 .
(ii) Shyam (Debtors) directly deposited ₹ 5,000 into Bank.
(iii) Cheque of ₹ 20,000 sent to Bank, but not recorded into cash book.
(iv) Cheque issued of ₹ 10,000 on 25th March 2022 but presented on 3rd April, 2022.
(v) Bank charges ₹ 100 .
(vi) Interest deposited ₹ 1,000 but recorded into cash book.

## Or

(i) What do you understand by cash Book. Explain its objects and significance.
(ii) What is suspence account? When is it opened?

## Unit - IV

4. From the following Trial Balance, prepare
(i) Trading account
(ii) Profit \& loss account, and
(iii) Balance sheet for the year ending 31st March 2021

## Trail Balance

| As on 31st March 2021 |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | :--- | ---: |
| Particulars | Amount (₹) | Particulars | Amount (₹) |
| Building | 20,000 | Capital | 40,000 |
| Opening stock | 9,500 | Sales | 55,000 |
| Wages | 3,000 | Sundry Credtors | 7,000 |
| Salaries | 4,000 | Purchase returns | 1,000 |
| Purchases | 44,000 |  |  |
| Furnitures | 5,000 |  |  |
| Bad Debts | 500 |  |  |
| Sales Return | 500 |  |  |
| Travelling exp. | 1,500 |  |  |
| Sundry debtor | 5,000 |  | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 , 0 0 0}$ |
| Drawings | 5,000 |  |  |
| Cash Balance | 5,000 |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 0 3 , 0 0 0}$ |  |  |

Distinguish between.
(i) Manufacturing account and Trading account.
(ii) Balance sheet and Trial Balance
(iii) Outstanding Expenses and prepaid Expenses

## Unit -V

5 (i) What do you understand by Hire Purchase System? Distinguish between Hire Purchase and Installment system.
(ii) From the following information, calculate the rate of depreciation by written down value method:

Cost of Asset ₹ $1,00,000$
Estimated life of Asset 3 years
Scrap value of Asset ₹ 6,400
Or
A machinery was purchased for ₹ $1,00,000$. It was depreciated at the rate of $15 \%$ per annum according to written down value method. Prepare machinery and depreciation account when:
(i) Provision for Depreciation account is not maintained
(ii) Provision for Depreciation account is maintained.

