

LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO – March 2021

Qualitative disclosure around LCR

Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a global minimum standard aimed at measuring and promoting short-term resilience of banks to potential liquidity stress by ensuring maintenance of sufficient high quality liquid assets (HQLAs) to survive net cash outflows over next 30 days under stress conditions. It is a ratio of Bank's High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to the estimated net outflows over next 30 day period of significant liquidity stress.

High quality liquid assets (HQLA) under LCR are divided into two parts i.e. Level 1 and Level 2 HQLA. Level 1 comprises primarily of cash, excess CRR, excess SLR securities, the extent allowed by RBI under Marginal Standing Facility (Currently 3% till Sep 30, 2021) and Facility to Avail Liquidity for Liquidity Coverage Ratio (FALLCR) (Currently 15%).

Level 2 HQLA which comprises of investments in highly rated non-financial corporate bonds, debentures, and commercial papers issued by non-financial institutions and listed equity investments considered at prescribed haircuts.

Cash outflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories or types of liabilities by the outflow run-off rates and cash inflows are calculated by multiplying the outstanding balances of various categories of contractual receivables by the rates at which they are expected to flow in. Additionally, probable outflows on account of contingent liabilities such as Letters of Credit (LC) and Bank Guarantees (BGs) and undrawn commitment are estimated and considered by applying prescribed run-off factors.

The Bank computes LCR on a daily basis in accordance with RBI guidelines. The LCR numbers are reported as a simple average of daily observations for the quarter. The Bank believes that all inflows and outflows which might have a material impact under the liquidity stress scenario have been considered for the purpose of LCR.

The LCR is calculated by dividing a Bank's stock of HQLA by its total net cash outflows over a 30-day stress period. The guidelines for LCR were effective January 1, 2015, with the minimum requirement at 60% which have risen in equal annual steps to reach 100% on January 1, 2019. As part of CoVid Regulatory relief package announced by RBI, the minimum LCR requirement has been reduced to 80% from April 17, 2020 onwards and to be re-instated back to 100% by April 01, 2021 in a phase-wise manner. The Bank's average LCR for the quarter ended March 31, 2021 computed as simple average of the daily observations during the quarter, stood at 153.58%.

		Q4 - March 2021		Q3 - December 2020		Q2 - September 2020		Q1 - June 2020	
		Total Unweight ed Value (average) #	Total Weighted Value (average) #	Total Unweight ed Value (average) \$	Total Weighted Value (average) \$	Total Unweight ed Value (average) @	Total Weighted Value (average) @	Total Unweight ed Value (average) ^	Total Weighted Value (average) ^
1	Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		24,86,251		24,58,351		25,27,090		23,54,889
Cash Outflows									
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:	25,82,388	2,54,161	23,17,914	2,24,615	20,87,308	2,02,206	18,95,384	1,83,208
(i)	Stable deposits	81,545	4,077	1,43,524	7,176	1,30,487	6,524	1,26,612	6,331
(ii)	Less stable deposits	25,00,843	2,50,084	21,74,390	2,17,439	19,56,821	1,95,682	17,68,772	1,76,877
3	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:	27,14,484	17,75,768	27,01,439	17,28,733	28,16,580	17,39,971	26,65,265	16,14,005
(i)	Operational deposits (all counterparties)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii)	Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	27,14,484	17,75,768	27,01,439	17,28,733	28,16,580	17,39,971	26,65,265	16,14,005
(iii)	Unsecured debt			-	-	-	-	-	-
4	Secured wholesale funding		-		217		9,224		7,819
5	Additional requirements, of which	1,05,628	33,592	59,637	6,559	23,747	2,538	167	67
(i)	Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	24,655	24,655	376	376	182	182	-	-
(ii)	Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii)	Credit and liquidity facilities	80,973	8,937	59,261	6,183	23,565	2,356	167	67
6	Other contractual funding obligations	23,321	23,321	18,919	18,919	16,530	16,530	19,701	19,701
7	Other contingent funding obligations	50,49,950	2,11,666	46,98,653	1,94,063	31,23,046	1,14,272	31,45,397	1,12,584
8	Total Cash Outflows		22,98,508		21,73,106		20,84,741		19,37,384
Cash Inflows									
9	Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	5,77,829	-	5,67,960	-	9,61,854	-	9,40,615	-
10	Inflows from fully performing exposures	7,25,953	5,00,264	7,37,590	5,12,208	5,72,252	4,24,003	6,20,592	4,38,136
11	Other cash inflows	1,86,965	1,79,425	1,72,248	1,60,970	2,04,099	1,81,139	84,323	62,934
12	Total Cash Inflows	14,90,747	6,79,689	14,77,798	6,73,178	17,38,205	6,05,142	16,45,530	5,01,070
21	TOTAL HQLA		24,86,251		24,58,351		25,27,090		23,54,889
22	Total Net Cash Outflows		16,18,819		14,99,928		14,79,599		14,36,314
23	Liquidity Coverage Ratio (%)		153.58		163.90		170.80		163.95

The average weighted and un-weighted amounts are calculated taking simple average of daily LCR from January 1, 2021 to March 31, 2021.

\$ The average weighted and un-weighted amounts are calculated taking simple average of daily LCR from October 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020.

@ The average weighted and un-weighted amounts are calculated taking simple average of daily LCR from July 1, 2020 to September 30, 2020.

^ The average weighted and un-weighted amounts are calculated taking simple average of daily LCR from April 1, 2020 to June 30, 2020.