

Roll No. ....

**D–3757**

**M. A./M. Sc. (Final)  
EXAMINATION, 2020**

MATHEMATICS

**(Compulsory)**

Paper Second

**(Partial Differential Equations and Mechanics)**

*Time : Three Hours ]*

*[ Maximum Marks : 100*

**Note :** All questions are compulsory. Attempt any *two* parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

**Unit—I**

1. (a) Define  $u$  by :

$$u(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \Phi(x-y) f(y) dy$$

where  $\Phi$  is the fundamental solution. Then prove that :

- (i)  $u \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^n)$
- (ii)  $-\Delta u = f$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$
- (b) Derive the Euler-Poisson-Darboux equation.
- (c) State and prove the mean value property for the heat equation.

**(A-58) P. T. O.**

[ 2 ]

D-3757

**Unit—II**

2. (a) State and prove the Euler-Lagrange equations.  
(b) Explain Hodograph transform with an example.  
(c) Solve the Bessel potential :

$$-\Delta u + u = f \text{ in } \mathbf{R}^n$$

where  $f \in L^2(\mathbf{R}^n)$  using Fourier transform.

**Unit—III**

3. (a) State and prove Donkin's theorem.  
(b) Prove the following property of Poisson bracket for any arbitrary functions  $u, v$  and  $w$  :

$$[u, [v, w]] + [v, [w, u]] + [w, [u, v]] = 0$$

- (c) Explain and solve the Brachistochrone problem.

**Unit—IV**

4. (a) State and prove the principle of least action.  
(b) Find the relation between Poisson bracket and Lagrange bracket.  
(c) State and prove the necessary and sufficient condition for the transformations :

$$Q_i = Q_i(q_i, p_i, t)$$

$$P_i = P_i(q_i, p_i, t)$$

to represent canonical transformation.

[ 3 ]

**Unit—V**

5. (a) Find the attraction of a uniform circular disc of radius ' $a$ ' and small thickness ' $k$ ', at a point on the axis of the disc at a distance ' $p$ ' from its centre.  
(b) Find the potential of a finite rod AB at an external point P.  
(c) State and prove Gauss theorem.

D-3757

200