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## E - 354

# M. Sc. (IT) (First Semester) EXAMINATION, Dec.-Jan., 2020-21

## Paper Second

### RDBMS AND SQL

Time: Three Hours [ Maximum Marks: 100

[ Minimum Pass Marks : 40

Note: Attempt all Sections as directed.

#### Section—A

1 each

## (Objective/Multiple Choice Questions)

**Note:** Attempt all questions.

Choose the correct/most appropriate answer and write it in your answer book :

- 1. The employees are not exposed to the salary details of manager. This is :
  - (a) Conceptual level data hiding

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	(b)	Physical level data hiding	
	(c)	External level data hiding	
	(d)	None of the above	
2.	·	ardless 1 match in attributes values which operation lts all pair of tuples from the two relations:	n
	(a)	Join	
	(b)	Cartesian product	
	(c)	Intersection	
	(d)	Set difference	
3.	Com	aposite key:	
	(a)	is made up of more than one number of attributes	
	(b)	uniquely identifies an item in a list	
	(c)	it is a combination of unique key	
	(d)	Both (a) and (b)	
4.		ch of the following is not a super key of the given ion R with attributes (A, B, C, D, E), primary key of R i	
	(a)	ABCDE	
	(b)	ACDE	
	(c)	ABCE	

(d) ABDE

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5.	5. Relationship among a set of values in a table is repre					
	with	:				
	(a)	Column				
	(b)	key				
	(c)	Entry				
	(d)	Row				
6.	Which of the following column properties specifies whether					
	or no	t cells in a column must contain a data value?				
	(a)	Null status				
	(b)	Data types				
	(c)	Default value				
	(d)	Data constraints				
7.	The primary key is selected from the:					
	(a)	Composite key				
	(b)	Candidate key				
	(c)	Foreign keys				
	(d)	Determinants				
8.	An ii	nstance is				
	(a)	A set of relationships				
	(b)	A set of attributes				
	(c)	A set of entities				
	(d)	A schema				

9.	Which of the following is valid for weak entity set?					
	(a) Many to many relationship					
	(b) Many to one relationship					
	(c)	One to many relationship				
	(d)	One to one relationship				
10.	Whic	ch one of the following is a top to bottom relationship?				
	(a)	Hierarchical schema				
	(b)	Network schema				
	(c)	Relational schema				
	(d)	All of the above				
11.	. Which of the following are steps in query processing ?					
	(a)	Parsing and translation				
	(b)	Optimization				
	(c)	Evaluation				
	(d)	All of the mentioned				
12.	For t	he query:				
	SELI	ECT employee_name				
from department						
WHERE employee_ name LIKE						
	٠	Physical Education';				

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in th	ne above	query	which	of	the	following	can	be	placed	in
the l	olank spa	ice ?								

- (a) Q
- (b) -
- (c) %
- (d) \$
- 13. Fill in the blanks to display the salary of an instructor from highest to lowest amount and sorting the instructor name alphabetically:

SELECT \*

FROM instructor

ORDER By salary \_\_\_\_\_, name \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) Ascending, Descending
- (b) Asc, Desc
- (c) Desc, Asc
- (d) All of the above
- 14. Which of the following reference to the "data about data"?
  - (a) Directory
  - (b) Subdata
  - (c) Warehouse
  - (d) Metadata

15.	Whic	th of the following commands is used to save any
	trans	action permanently into the database ?
	(a)	Commit
	(b)	Rollback
	(c)	Save point
	(d)	None of the above
16.	Upda	ta that violate are disallowed.
	(a)	Integrity constraints
	(b)	Transaction control
	(c)	Authorization
	(d)	DDL constraints
17.	In or	der to undo the work of transaction after last commit
	whic	h one should be used ?
	(a)	View
	(b)	Commit
	(c)	Rollback
	(d)	Flashback
18.	Whic	ch of the following is used for database security?
	(a)	Data encryption
	(b)	A view
	(c)	Fingerprint
	(d)	All of the above

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- 19. Who is responsible to maintain the database?
  - (a) User
  - (b) DBMS
  - (c) DBA
  - (d) All of the above
- 20. Keyword supported by SQL are:
  - (a) SELECT
  - (b) INSERT
  - (c) DELETE
  - (d) All of the above

#### Section—B

2 each

## **(Very Short Answer Type Questions)**

Note: Attempt all questions.

- 1. What is DBMS?
- 2. Define primary key.
- 3. What is data dictionary?
- 4. What is E-R model?
- 5. What is aggregation?
- 6. What are triggers?
- 7. What is cursors?
- 8. Write the advantages of indexing.
- 9. What is domain constraints?
- 10. Write the advantages of packages.

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#### Section—C

5 each

## (Short Answer Type Questions)

**Note:** Attempt any *six* questions.

- 1. Describe different types of DBMS user.
- 2. Describe generalization with suitable example.
- 3. Describe 5FN with example.
- 4. Write a program in PL/SQL for finding sum of 1st 10 natural number.
- 5. Describe various kinds of authorization in SQL.
- 6. Write a brief note on query processing.
- 7. What is embedded SQL?
- 8. Describe foreign key with suitable example.

## Section—D

 $7\frac{1}{2}$  each

## (Long Answer Type Questions)

**Note:** Attempt any *four* questions.

- 1. Explain different types of data models.
- 2. Explain 1NF, 2NF and 3NF in detail.
- 3. Describe various types of indexing techniques.
- 4. Explain different types of join operation.
- 5. Explain different types of keys.
- 6. Describe E-R model in detail with suitable example.